		STUDY MODULE D	ESCRIPTION FORM	1	
	f the module/subject anced applicatio	ns of graphics cards		Cod 101	。 0515321010519522
Field of Com	study		Profile of study (general academic, practical general academic		Year /Semester
Elective	path/specialty	nputer Networks	Subject offered in: Polish		Course (compulsory, elective) elective
Cycle of	f study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time))	
Second-cycle studies			part-time		
No. of h	ours				No. of credits
Lectur	re: 16 Classes	s: - Laboratory: 16	Project/seminars:	-	4
Status c	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	,	
		major	fr	om f	field
Educatio	on areas and fields of science	ence and art			ECTS distribution (number and %)
techr	nical sciences				4 100%
	Technical scie	ences			4 100%
dr in ema tel. (Insty ul. F	onsible for subje nż. Witold Andrzejewsk ail: Witold.Andrzejewsk 61 6652965 ytut Informatyki Piotrowo 2, 60-965 Poz	ki ki@cs.put.poznan.pl znań			
Prere	equisites in term	s of knowledge, skills an	d social competencies	:	
1	Knowledge	architecture, procedural and obj	ould have basic knowledge regarding computer hardware ject programming as well as algorithmic complexity. sic knowledge of computational geometry.		
2	Skills	The student should have the ski to acquire knowledge from the d			ems, program in C/C++ and
3	Social competencies	The student should also underst work in a team. Moreover, the st perseverance, curiosity, creativit	udent should show such attitud	des a	s honesty, responsibility,
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:			
1. Prov	vide students with the l	knowledge regarding programmin	g of graphics processing units	(GPL	ls) including:
a. Sel	ected aspects of hard	ware architecture of popular grap	nics cards.		
		el in modern graphics cards in the	e context of CUDA and OpenC	L API	S.
	U program optimizatio				
sequer	nces.	imitives such as: map reduce, co			
algorith	nms	sed in parallel algorithms, includin	-		
		rallel algorithms (PRAM model) a		•	
• • •		to solving practical problems relate	ed to data processing and visu	alizat	ion.
	elop students' skills in	home with a facula on paralleli	on of data processing		
		olems with a focus on parallelizati	on or data processing		
D. GP	U program execution	mes and reference to the	aducational results for	r o fi	ald of study
1Z ar	•				on or study
KNOW	vledge:				

1. has a well-structured theoretical knowledge of methods of assessing parallel algorithm complexityhas a well-structured theoretical knowledge of methods of assessing parallel algorithm complexity - [K2st_W2]

2. has advanced and detailed knowledge of GPU-based parallel algorithms and methods for designing them - [K2st_W3] 3. has knowledge about newest trends and achievements in computer science, which are related to computer graphics and GPU computations acceleration - [K2st_W4]

4. knows advanced methods, techniques and tools used for solving complex engineering tasks related to designing, and lowlevel optimization, of software which utilizes GPUs - [K2st_W6]

Skills:

1. is able to obtain information related to newest developments in computer graphics cards from literature, databases and other sources - [K2st_U1]

2. is able to plan and execute experiments and measurements in order to optimize the time of computations executed on graphics cardsis able to plan and execute experiments and measurements in order to optimize the time of computations executed on graphics cards - [K2st_U3]

3. knows how to utilize analytic methods to determine potential performance problems in existing GPU program implementations, as well as confirm their existence experimentallyknows how to utilize analytic methods to determine potential performance problems in existing GPU program implementations, as well as confirm their existence experimentally [K2st_U4]

4. is able to integrate knowledge from multiple different areas of computer science and utilize a systematic approach while formulating and solving engineering tasks - [K2st_U5]

5. is able to assess usefulness and applicability of new achievements (methods and tools) as well as new IT productsis able to assess usefulness and applicability of new achievements (methods and tools) as well as new IT products able to assess usefulness and applicability of new achievements (methods and tools) as well as new IT products - [K2st_U6]

6. is able to design parallel variants of known algorithms, as well as design new parallel algorithms - [K2st_U10]

7. is able to define future directions of study and perform self-study activities in the field of parallel computations - [K2st_U16]

Social competencies:

1. understands that in computer science knowledge and skills can become obsolete very quickly - [K2st_K1]

2. understands the importance of utilizing the newest achievements in the field of computer science in solving research and practical problems. - [K2st_K2]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Formative assessment:

a) lectures:

* based on answers to questions related to subjects covered during previous lectures,

b) laboratory classes:

* evaluation of doing correctly assigned tasks (following provided lab. instructions),

* occasional evaluation of students preparation for classes (entry tests)

Total assessment:

a) verification of assumed learning objectives related to lectures:

* evaluation of acquired knowledge on the basis of the written exam (a test, ~30 questions, total points achievable 30, 16 points needed to pass).

b) verification of assumed learning objectives related to laboratory classes:

* based on the project implemented by a team of students, each students' grade is evaluated based on the quality of his/hers part as well as answering to several project related questions.

Additional elements cover:

* ability to utilize previously gained knowledge,

* discussing more general and related aspects of the class topic,

* showing how to improve the instructions and teaching materials.

Course description

The lecture covers the following topics:

1. Motivation behind utilization of computer graphics cards for general computations. Introduction of several technological and architectural solutions which allow for parallel processing. Definition of terms used throughout the rest of the lectures. Short description of programming model used by programs for GPUs.

2. Detailed description of graphics cards' architecture. Relationships between graphics cards' architecture and programming model. Bit tricks.

3. Description of memory hierarchy and efficient memory access patterns for several different architectures. Exemplary optimization methods utilizing several levels of memory hierarchy. Description of methods for parallel data transfer and processing.

4. Thread communication and synchronization methods.

5. Theoretical basis for parallel algorithm complexity assessment. PRAM machine model. Introduction of several basic parallel

primitives including: map, gather, scatter, reduce, compact, search, scan. Detailed description of scan algorithm. Complexity analysis of parallel and sequential versions of this algorithm. 6. Continuation of parallel primitive subject. Detailed description of compact, reduce, search and sort primitives. Complexity assessment of presented algorithms. 7. Algorithms for parallel generation of combination, domain and permutation sequences. Complexity analysis. 8. Horizontal and vertical joins based on merge-path algorithm. 9. Introduction to efficient parallel data structures. Efficient matrix processing (sparse and dense), hash tables, CSS trees and graph processing algorithms. Complexity analysis. 10. GPU applications for data analysis, exploration and visualization. The laboratory lessons cover the following topics: 1. Introduction to CUDA API. 2. Exercises related to proper construction of computation grid. 3. Implementation of simple parallel algorithms. 4. Debugging of GPU code. 5. Complex exercises which require thread communication synchronization 6. Testing the performance of several different memory types. 7. Introduction to thrust library and its API. Simple exercises which utilize the library. 8. Introduction to CURAND library. Exercises utilizing thrust library. Implementing complex algorithms via parallel primitives implemented in thrust. 9. Introduction to OpenCL + simple exercises 10. Introduction to NVIDIA Optix API and its applications in data visualization. Students are required to learn some of these subjects at home. Teaching methods: 1. Lectures: multimedia presentation, presentation illustrated with examples presented on black board, solving tasks 2. Labs: solving tasks, practical exercises, discussion, teamwork, multimedia showcase Basic bibliography: 1. Programming Massively Parallel Processors - A hands-on Approach/ David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu 2. OpenCL Programming Guide / Aaftab Munshi, Benedict R. Gaster, Timothy G. Mattson, James Fung, Dan Ginsburg 3. NVIDIA: CUDA C Programming Guide: http://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html 4. NVIDIA: CUDA C Best Practices Guide: http://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-best-practices-guide/index.html 5. NVIDIA: OpenCL Jumpstart Guide: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/afs/cs/academic/class/15668-s11/www/cudadoc/OpenCL_Jumpstart_Guide.pdf 6. NVIDIA: OpenCL Best Practices Guide: http://www.nvidia.com/content/cudazone/CUDABrowser/downloads/papers/NVIDIA OpenCL BestPracticesGuide.pdf 7. NVIDIA Optix API documentation http://raytracing-docs.nvidia.com/optix/index.html Additional bibliography: 1. Jianlong Zhong* and Bingsheng He. Medusa: Simplified Graph Processing on GPUs. Accepted by TPDS 2013: IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed System 2. Bingsheng He and Jeffrey Xu Yu. High-Throughput Transaction Executions on Graphics Processors. Proceedings of Very Large Data Bases (VLDB) 2011 3. Andrzejewski, Witold; Boinski, Pawel Efficient spatial co-location pattern mining on multiple GPUs Journal Article Expert Systems with Applications, 93 (Supplement C), pp. 465?483, 2018, ISBN: 0957-4174. 4. Andrzejewski, Witold; Boinski, Pawel Parallel GPU-based Plane-sweep Algorithm for Construction of iCPI-trees Journal Article Journal of Database Management, 26 (3), pp. 1-20, 2015, ISSN: 1063-8016. 5. Andrzejewski, Witold; Boinski, Pawel Parallel approach to incremental co-location pattern mining, Information Sciences, accepted for publication 6. CUDA Application Design and Development / Rob Farber 7. CUDA By Example / Jason Sanders/Edward Kandrot Result of average student's workload Time (working Activity hours)

1. participating in laboratory classes / tutorials:	16	
2. preparing to laboratory classes:	16	
3. consulting issues related to the subject of the course; especially projects,	4 16	
4. preparing to tests	16	
5. participating in lectures	16	
6. studying literature / learning aids	16	
7. preparing to and participation in the final test		
Student's wo	orkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4
Contact hours	36	2
Practical activities	32	2